

## PASTURE AND FORAGES WEED MANAGEMENT

PASTURE and FORAGES			
Active Ingredient and Rate	Formulated Product and Rate	Weeds Controlled	Remarks and Precautions
<b>PERMANENT PASTURES WITH WHITE OR LADINO CLOVER:</b>			
2,4-D amine @ 0.5-1.0 lb./A	2,4-D Amine @ 1-2.0 pt/A  Apply in 10-20 GPA by ground or 2 -5 GPA by air	Buttercup and other winter or spring-growing broadleaf weeds.	Apply when weeds are small in Oct. and Nov. and/or Feb. and March. Fall spraying of dock is effective. Do not apply 2,4-D if temperature is below 65 degrees. Some injury can be expected to established white or ladino clover. Do not apply 2,4-D in fall on seedling clover. For buttercup control and white clover release, apply no more than 1 pt/A from December- early March. Use the higher rate for fall spraying of more mature weeds.
2,4-D amine @ 0.75 -1.0 lb./A	2,4-D Amine @ 0.75 - 1.0 qt/A  Apply in 10-20 GPA by ground or 2 -5 GPA by air	Summer weeds: Dogfennel <6", common mullein, bitterweed, fleabane, ragweed, marsh elder, goatweed, pigweed and many other summer broadleaf weeds	Apply when weeds are small, usually from April to June; but can be applied all summer and into early fall. Rates in excess of 1.0 lb Amine or 0.5 lb LVE 2,4-D will kill or severely injure clover. Lower rates of 2,4-D will control these weeds in seedling stage but higher rates required for more mature weeds.
paraquat @ 0.25 – 0.5 lb./A	Various @ 16 oz – 32 oz/A  Apply with NIS @ 1.0 qt/100 gal	Little barley, ryegrass and annual broadleaf weeds such as buttercup, wild geranium, etc.	Apply during the winter before bermudagrass breaks dormancy. Do not cut hay or graze within 40 days after treatment. If little barley is present, apply just before head emerges from boot.
<b>PERMANENT PASTURE WITHOUT LEGUME:</b>			
<i>Herbicide treatments suggested for use on permanent pastures with clovers can also be used on permanent pastures without clovers.</i>			
2,4-D LVE @ 1.0 lb./A	2,4-D LVE @ 1.0 qt/A  Use 20 GPA and apply with NIS @ 1 pt/100 gal water	Wild garlic and wild onions	Spray in late fall (Oct. & Nov.) and during Feb. or early March. All legumes will be killed. Two applications for 2 to 3 years will be necessary for control. <b>DO NOT GRAZE DAIRY COWS ON TREATED AREAS WITHIN 7 DAYS OF APPLICATION.</b>
metsulfuron methyl @ 0.14 oz/A	Cimarron 60 DF, Farmsaver, Patriot, Metsulfuron methyl @ 0.3-0.5 oz.	Pensacola bahiagrass; several broadleaf weeds including spurge. Chinese privet	Apply when weeds are actively growing. For use on common and hybrid

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	Apply with NIS @ 1 qt/100 gal	and briars on fence rows @ 2 oz/100 gallons of water	bermudagrass. <u>Do not use on bahiagrass pastures</u> ; no grazing restriction.
<b>PERMANENT PASTURE WITHOUT LEGUME continued:</b>			
sulfosulfuron @ 0.06 to 0.09 lb./A	Outrider at 1.3 to 2.0 oz/A Apply with NIS @ 0.25 % v/v	Johnsongrass; many sedges	Do not exceed 2.66 oz./A per season. Safe for bermudagrass and bahiagrass pastures.
aminopyralid @ 0.06-0.11 lb./A	Milestone @ 4.0-7.0 oz/A	Horsenettle, tropical soda apple, Virginia buttonweed, green briar	Apply when weeds are actively growing. Very effective on buttonweed and horsenettle. Severe legume injury potential.
aminopyralid @ 0.06 to 0.11 lb./A + 2,4-D at 0.5 to 0.9 lb./A	Grazon Next HL @ 1.2 to 2.1 pt/A	Horsenettle, thistles, tropical soda apple, blue vervain, Virginia buttonweed; some other broadleaf weeds	Grazon Next HL will severely injure legumes. Follow label restrictions concerning replanting legumes into treated area. Supplemental label allows treated grasses to be sold for hay in Louisiana.
dicamba @ 0.25-0.5 lb./A	Banvel, Clarity @ 0.5-1.0 pt/A  Apply in 10-20 GA; see label for surfactant	Most broadleaf weeds and small brush	Apply when weeds are actively growing. Do not use seed from treated grass for food or feed purposes. Do not graze meat animals within 30 days of slaughter. Do not graze dairy animals within 7 days at 0.5 lb./A or within 21 days @ 1.0 lb./A. Dairy animals should not be fed dry hay from treated area within 5 days.
metsulfuron methyl @ 0.19-0.75 oz/A + dicamba @ 0.13-0.50 lb./A + 2,4-D @ 0.36-1.44 lbs./A	Cimarron Max @ 0.25-1.0 oz/A Part A + 1.0-4.0 pt/A Part B  Apply with NIS @ 1 qt/100 gal or COC @ 1 gal/100gal	Most broadleaf weeds and bahiagrass; higher rates on more difficult-to-control weeds. Excellent activity on briars, horsenettle, and spurge.	Apply when weeds are actively growing. For use on bermudagrass. Do not use on bahiagrass, ryegrass or temporary grass pastures. Consult label for tolerance to other grass crop species.
triclopyr @ 0.25 lb./A + 2,4-D @ 0.50 lb./A	Crossbow @ 1.0 qt/A	Most broadleaf weeds; also effective on briars and suppression of multiflora rose	Apply in spring and summer. Do not use where dairy cattle will graze. Remove livestock from treated area at least three days before slaughter.
picloram @ 0.125-0.25 lb./A + 2,4-D @ 0.50-1.0 lb./A	Grazon P+D, Hired Hand P+D, Trooper, or Picloram +D @ 2.0-4.0 pt/A	Most annual and perennial broadleaf weeds such as perilla mint, sida, blue vervain, and thistles. Not effective on berry briars.	Apply when weeds are small and actively growing. Good control of hard to kill weeds, especially dogfennel and horsenettle. Good control of Chinese tallow. Do not apply around desirable trees and shrubs.

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<b>PERMANENT PASTURE WITHOUT LEGUME continued:</b>			
dicamba @ 0.13- 0.26 lb./A + diflufenzopyr @ 0.05-0.10 lb./A	Overdrive @ 4.0-8.0 oz/A  Apply in 10-20 GPA with NIS @ 1 qt/100 gal	Pigweed, buttercup, horsenettle, dock, other broadleaf weeds	Apply when plants are actively growing. Useful in many pasture situations. Recommended for use in 2,4-D restricted parishes and areas.
triclopyr @ 0.28-0.56 lb./A + fluroxpyr @ 0.09-0.18 lb./A	PastureGard HL @ 0.75-1.5 pt/A  Apply in 10-20 GPA with NIS @ 1-2 qt/100 gal	Many annual and perennial broadleaf weeds. Effective on dogfennel, briars	Can be used in 2,4-D restricted areas. Do not use on forages grazed or fed to lactating dairy animals. Do not harvest hay for 14 days after application. Not a restricted use herbicide.
imazapic @ 0.0625-0.093 lb./A	Plateau, Panoramic @ 4-6 oz/A	Johnsongrass, annual ryegrass, little barley; suppresses the growth of dallisgrass and vaseygrass	Apply when bermudagrass is dormant or after full green up. DO NOT apply during green up in the spring. Severe stunting and growth reduction likely with this herbicide during the growing season. Add 1-2 pt./A 2,4-D for additional broadleaf control if needed. No grazing restriction, 7 day haying restriction.
tebuthiuron @ 1.0-4.0 lbs./A	Spike 20 P @ 20 lbs./A	Most woody plants	Apply anytime grass is dormant. Can cause temporary damage to grasses. Spot treat where possible. Do not use in vicinity of desirable trees.
triclopyr @ 1.0-1.5 lbs./A	Remedy Ultra and various generic triclopyr options @ 1.0-2.0 qt/A	Most woody brush. Good on dogfennel but usually not as effective as other herbicides on herbaceous plants. Can be mixed with 2,4-D to increase spectrum. 4% solution needed for spot treatment on palmetto.	Apply to brush at full leaf. Good control of Chinese tallow and berry briars. Good fencerow treatment. A 14-day grazing restriction for lactating dairy cows. No grazing restrictions for other livestock at recommended rates. Can be used in 2,4- D-restricted areas.
picloram @ 0.22 - 0.44 lb./A + fluroxpyr @ 0.18-0.36 lb./A	Surmount @ 1.5-3 pt/A  Apply in 10-20 GPA with NIS @ 1-2 qt/100 gal - by ground	Good control of many hard-to-control woody species. Effective on Chinese tallowtree, horsenettle, and dogfennel	Apply when weeds are actively growing. Can be used in 2,4-D-restricted areas. Do not use on forages grazed or fed to lactating dairy animals. Do not harvest hay for 7 days after application. Livestock must be removed for 3 days priors to slaughter.
picloram – see comments	Tordon 22K – see comments	Waxmyrtle, Eastern red cedar, Chinese tallowtree	Apply in spring or fall. Apply as a spot treatment. For cedar, use 3 ml. (cc) of undiluted Tordon 22K per 3 ft. of plant height.

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<b>PERMANENT PASTURE WITHOUT LEGUME continued:</b>			
hexazinone @ 0.75 lb./-1.0 lb./A	Velpar @ 3.0 – 4.0 pt/A	Smutgrass	Apply when smutgrass is actively growing. For use on bermudagrass and bahiagrass pastures. Rainfall needed for activation. No grazing restriction.
dicamba @ 0.13-25 lb./A + 2,4-D amine @ 0.37-0.75 lb./A	Weedmaster @ 1-2 pt/A OR Banvel, Clarity @ 0.25-0.50 pt/A + 2,4-D amine @ 0.75-1.5 pt/A	Several young broadleaf weeds such as wooly croton, marsh elder, pigweed.	Apply when weeds are actively growing. Consult label for weed species controlled by the different rates and for grazing and hay making restrictions of treated forage.
nicosulfuron @ 0.56-.84 + metsulfuron methyl @ 0.15-0.23 oz/A	Pastora @ 1.0-1.5 oz/A  Add 0.25% v/v nonionic surfactant.	Many annual and perennial grasses and broadleaf weeds including johnsongrass	FOR BERMUDAGRASS ONLY! May be applied in season or as a late winter dormant application. In season application may result in temporary stunting of the bermudagrass. Dormant season application has provided good control of seedling ryegrass and other winter weeds. Add glyphosate for improved control.
quinclorac @ 0.3-0.5 lb./A	Facet L @ 26-43 oz/A OR Quinstar @ 9.6-16 oz/A Add crop oil, methylated seed oil, or nonionic surfactant as per label instructions.	Barnyardgrass, hairy (large) crabgrass, broadleaf signalgrass	FOR BERMUDAGRASS ONLY! Provides both pre- and postemergence control depending on size of grass and rate applied. Follow label for application rates. Do not cut for hay within 7 days of application; no grazing restriction following application. Does not control goosegrass.
halosulfuron @ 0.035-0.062 lb./A	Permit @ 0.75 – 1.3 oz/A  Add 0.25% v/v nonionic surfactant	Sedges	Do not apply more than 1.3 oz total per acre per 12 month period. No grazing restriction. Apply at least 37 days before hay harvest.
<b>FORAGE SORGHUM OR SORGHUM SUDAN HYBRIDS:</b>			
atrazine @ 1.6-2.0 lbs./A	AAtrex 4L @ 3.2-4.0 pt/A AAtrex 80W @ 2.0-2.5 lbs./A AAtrex Nine-O @ 1.7-2.2 lbs./A	Some grasses and broadleaf weeds	Apply after planting, before crop and weeds emerge. Do not use on light soils.
2,4-D @ 1.0 lb./A	2,4-D Amine @ 1.0 qt/A	Annual broadleaf weeds	Apply after grass is well-established and broadleaf weeds are small. Do not graze

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			lactating dairy animals within 7 days after treatment.
dicamba @ 0.13-0.25 lb./A + 2,4-D amine @ 0.37-0.75 lb./A	Weedmaster @ 1.0-2.0 pt/A	Same as above	Same as above
<b>BERMUDAGRASS ESTABLISHMENT (sprigging only):</b>			
diuron @ 0.8-2.4 lbs./A	Diuron 80 WP @ 1.0 to 3.0 lb  Diuron 4L@ 1.6 to 4.8 pt/A	Many grasses and weeds; including crabgrass, pigweeds, morningglory species	At sprigging only on sprigs placed at least 2 inches deep. May temporarily burn emerged bermudagrass and can severely injure variety Alicia.
<b>ALFALFA</b>			
benefin @ 1.12 - 1.5 lbs./A	Balan 1.5/gal @ 3.0 qt/A on light soil 4.0 qt/A on heavy soil	Most annual grasses and many of the small- seeded broadleaf weeds	Apply 2-3 weeks before planting up to planting. Incorporate thoroughly into upper 2-3 inches of soil immediately after application.
EPTC @ 3.0 lbs./A	Eptam or GENEP @ 2.0 qt on all soils	Most annual grasses and broadleaf weeds and fair control of nutsedge	Apply just before planting. Incorporate thoroughly into upper 2 inches of soil immediately after application.
2,4-DB amine @ 1.0 lb./A	Butoxone or Butyrac @ 2.0 qt in 20 - 40 gal water	Annual and perennial broadleaf weeds including winter weeds such as dock, henbit, chickweed.; also annual summer broadleaf weeds in the seedling stage	Apply after alfalfa seedlings have 2 or more true leaves and weeds are in seedling stage. Do not graze or feed treated fields to livestock within 30 days after application. This material is similar to 2,4-D; therefore, apply so as to avoid drift.
sethoxydim @ 0.28 - 0.47 lb./A	Poast @ 1.5 - 2.5 pt/A + 2 pt/A COC in 5 - 20 gal water	Annual and perennial Grasses	Apply before grasses exceed height limitations. Control generally better if application is made prior to cutting. Height limitations vary with the grass to be controlled. Follow label.