

SUGARCANE PRODUCTION COSTS IN 2023

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Projected costs and returns for the various stages of sugarcane production in Louisiana were estimated for the 2023 crop year. Production and tillage practices along with application rates for fertilizer, herbicides and insecticides were updated. Input suppliers and equipment dealers were surveyed in 2022 for current input prices. Specific operations for which production costs were estimated included field operations on fallow land, seedbed preparation, cutting and planting heat treated seedcane, planting cultured seedcane, field operations on plantcane, first stubble, second stubble, and third stubble, succession planting, as well as the costs of harvesting with wholestalk and combine harvesters. Costs and returns were estimated for tenant-operators, reflecting the predominant land tenure situation, and reflect a mill payment of 39 percent of production and a land rent payment of one-fifth and one-sixth shares of the "after milling crop" proceeds. Total costs of production plus overhead for crop cycles through harvest of second, third and fourth stubble were estimated and breakeven prices to cover direct and total specified production costs were estimated for one-fifth and one-sixth share rental arrangements. Summary breakeven prices to cover production costs through harvest of third stubble for alternative yield levels are shown in Table 1. These values also represent production costs per pound of sugar produced at assumed yield levels. Breakeven raw sugar yield per acre of sugarcane harvested are presented in Table 2 for a selected range of raw sugar prices.

Estimated sugarcane production costs for the 2023 crop year were based on projected input prices obtained in the fall of 2022. Projected prices for major production inputs included diesel fuel at \$4.00 per gallon, and nitrogen, phosphate and potash fertilizer at \$0.78, \$0.90, and \$0.67 per pound of active ingredient, respectively. Estimated variable production costs for specific phases of production were as follows: fallow operations and seedbed preparation - \$201 per acre, cultured seed cane - \$741 per acre, hand planting operations - \$273 per acre, mechanical planting operations - \$234 per acre, plant cane field operations - \$370 per acre, first stubble field operations - \$442 per acre, second and older stubble field operations - \$419 per acre, and harvest operations - \$254 per acre.

Allocated (unrecovered) sugarcane planting cost estimates were estimated for sugarcane planted in 2023. Published estimates for allocation of total planting costs as of January 1, 2024, for sugarcane planted the previous year were as follows: cultured seed cane - \$1,458 per acre, hand planted propagated seed cane - \$915 per acre, hand planted whole stalk plant cane - \$871 per acre, machine planted whole stalk plant cane - \$978 per acre and machine planted billet plant cane - \$1,157 per acre. These estimates serve as a basis for the determination of sugarcane crop value associated with changes in land ownership or tenant arrangements.

Table 1. Projected breakeven selling prices for raw sugar for selected yield levels, harvest through third stubble, tenant-operators, Louisiana, 2023

	Selected Yield Levels				
	-10%	-5%	Base	+5%	+10%
Cane yield per harvested acre ¹ (tons)	30.5	32.2	33.9	35.6	37.3
Sugar yield per harvested acre ² (lbs)	7,078	7,472	7,865	8,258	8,651
Sugar yield per rotational acre(farm) ³	5,384	5,683	5,982	6,281	6,580

One-Fifth Land Share Rent:

Breakeven price to recover⁴:

	-----cents per pound of sugar-----				
Direct costs	22.7	21.9	21.1	20.4	19.8
Total specified costs	30.8	29.5	28.4	27.4	26.4
Total costs plus overhead	31.9	30.6	29.4	28.3	27.3

One-Sixth Land Share Rent:

Breakeven price to recover⁴:

	-----cents per pound of sugar-----				
Direct costs	21.8	21.0	20.3	19.6	19.0
Total specified costs	29.6	28.4	27.3	26.3	25.4
Total costs plus overhead	30.7	29.4	28.2	27.2	26.3

¹ Average farm yield across harvested acreage of plantcane, 1st stubble, 2nd stubble, and 3rd stubble (base yield of 40 tons plantcane, 37 tons 1st stubble, 31 tons 2nd stubble, 29 tons 3rd stubble).

² Average yield in tons per acre multiplied by a 232 CRS.

³ Assumes standard land rotation of 20.0% each of fallow, plantcane, 1st stubble, 2nd stubble and 3rd stubble.

⁴ Breakeven prices are calculated by dividing grower's share of production into direct costs, total specified costs, and total specified costs plus overhead.

Table 2. Projected breakeven raw sugar yields for selected raw sugar price levels, harvest through third stubble, tenant-operators, Louisiana, 2023

	Selected Raw Sugar Price Levels				
	-2.0	-1.0	Base	+1.0	+2.0
Raw sugar price (cents per pound)	30.0	31.0	32.0	33.0	34.0

One-Fifth Land Share Rent:

Breakeven yield to recover:

	-----pounds of sugar per harv. acre-----				
Direct costs	5,539	5,360	5,193	5,035	4,887
Total specified costs	7,442	7,202	6,977	6,765	6,566
Total costs plus overhead	7,711	7,463	7,229	7,010	6,804

One-Sixth Land Share Rent:

Breakeven yield to recover:

	-----pounds of sugar per harv. acre-----				
Direct costs	5,321	5,149	4,988	4,837	4,965
Total specified costs	7,149	6,918	6,702	6,499	6,308
Total costs plus overhead	7,408	7,169	6,945	6,734	6,536

DETERMINATION OF OPTIMAL SUGARCANE CROP CYCLE LENGTH IN 2023

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As newer sugarcane varieties are adopted by producers and older varieties are phased out of production, it is important to evaluate the stubble yield pattern of newer varieties to determine the impact on optimal sugarcane crop cycle length. Given the high cost of planting a perennial crop such as sugarcane, the objective is to maximize total net economic returns from the initial planting. Recently, more than one-fifth of Louisiana sugarcane acreage was in third or older stubble. This percentage implies that approximately half of the second stubble acreage is being kept for production the following year and the other is being plowed out to prepare for planting a new crop. With the goal of maximizing net returns above variable costs over the entire crop cycle, estimation of the required breakeven third stubble sugar yield can aid in deciding whether to keep older stubble sugarcane tracts in production. Research is being conducted to evaluate optimal crop cycle length which would maximize economic net returns for existing commercial varieties as well as new varieties as they are released to the industry.

Breakeven third stubble sugar yield is defined as the per acre sugar yield of third stubble required to equate total crop cycle net returns above variable costs for crops cycles through harvest of second and third stubble crops. Factors impacting the level of breakeven third stubble yield include plant cane through second stubble sugar yields, raw sugar market price, grower share of production and third stubble variable production costs. Average outfield trial sugar yields for across outfield locations are shown in Table 1 for plant cane through third stubble crops, along with the estimated breakeven third stubble sugar yield. Breakeven third stubble sugar yields were estimated for each of the major commercial varieties. This breakeven yield level varied on a sugar per acre basis, but was observed to be relatively stable on a percent of previous crop cycle yields. Estimated breakeven third stubble yields, based on outfield trial data, ranged on a sugar per acre basis, from 6,554 to 7,311 pounds per acre, but was relatively constant on a percentage basis at approximately 74.5% of the simple average of plant cane through second stubble yields.

Table 1. Estimated Minimum Required Third Stubble Sugar Yields.

	<u>Crop Age</u>			
	Plant	First	Second	BE Third
	----- (lbs/acre) -----			
HoCP04-804	9,215	9,135	7,979	6,554 (74.7%)
L 01-299	8,741	9,503	8,369	6,644 (74.9%)
HoCP14-885	10,769	10,183	8,705	7,311 (74.0%)
Average	9,566	9,607	8,351	6,836 (74.5%)

¹ Source: LSU AgCenter Sugarcane Outfield Variety Trials, 2022 outfield locations.

² Estimated breakeven (BE) third stubble yield based on actual plant cane through second stubble yields using estimated sugarcane production costs for the 2024 crop year. Breakeven third stubble yield is estimated as the minimum required sugar yield for third stubble to equate whole farm net returns to a crop cycle through second stubble. Percentage value equals breakeven third stubble yield expressed as a percent of the simple average of actual plant cane through second stubble yields.

³ Percentage values are stubble sugar yield per acre as a percent of the plant cane sugar yield per acre.
